## Commercial Pharmacy Benefits Design Environment

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### Learning objectives

- Differentiate prescription drug coverage
- Determine current prescription drug benefit design trends in the United States related to biologics or specialty medications
- Identify trends affecting pharmacy benefit plans in commercial insurance (employers as plan sponsor) and ACA impacts on selffunded plans

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# Commercial Plans Going forward post Health Care Reform?

- Democrats are adamant the law stay in place.
- Republicans are adamant the law goes.

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- This dynamic means there is no pathway for real improvement of changes during the remainder of the Obama administration
- Employers need to chart a path forward, recognizing that they will get little help from Washington. This requires two steps:
  - Creating health care plans that work for employers and employees <u>within the current structure</u>
  - Lay the groundwork for change now that will have to come in a future administration (2018)

### Goals of Pharmacy Benefit Design: Application to Oncology



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### What Are the Goals of Pharmacy Benefit Plan Design?

- Coverage of medications that effectively treat patient and also reduce overall medical costs
- Prescriber flexibility in selecting medications that meet needs of individual beneficiaries
- Member freedom in choosing a pharmacy that's readily accessible
- Inclusion of written instruction sheets, medication monitoring, and personalized counseling



# What Are the Goals of Plan Design? (Cont'd)

- Monitoring of patient compliance/adherence with drug therapy
- Prevention of potentially harmful drug interactions through maintenance and use of patient medication records
- Strict quality assessment standards
- Appropriate review of drug utilization
- Promotion of prudent patient utilization of benefits with strategies that may include copayments or plan limitations

### Specialty/Oncology Drugs: Carve-In? Or Carve-Out? Or What?

- First specialty drug (injectables) were covered under medical benefit
  - Increasing numbers are now self-administered
- Plan sponsors have moved specialty drugs from medical to prescription coverage to "better control use and cost"
  - Claims transparency improved under pharmacy benefit, but coverage parity still lacking
  - MBGH/IIH National Employer Surveys show mandatory SP <u>services</u> desired to better meet service through specialty vendors

### Unique Challenges of Specialty/Oncology Carve-Outs

- Patients/providers complain that carve-outs of specialty drugs:
  - Complicate/fragment care
  - Place limitations on patient's right to choose and access care – cost not outcomes driven
- Frequent claims audits are needed to prevent service(s) being claimed under both medical and pharmacy benefit
- Need for reinsurance innovation
  - Failure of primary insurance coverage to manage economic risk for employers

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### Plan Design Process

- 1. Identification of what organization hopes to accomplish
  - Improve employee health?
  - Control pharmaceutical costs?
  - Reduce overall health care spending?
  - Enhance employee recruitment and retention?
  - Lower worker absenteeism?
  - Improve worker productivity?



### Four Broad Characteristics of Benefit Plans

- Quality
- Accessibility
- Efficiency
- Participant satisfaction



## Employer Plan Design Checklist

#### Need

- What are the current health needs employees? Their families?
- Are there any demographic factors that will influence future needs?
- Does the plan address these?

#### Eligibility

- Who will be participating in the plan? Employees? Spouses? Dependents?
- How long must a person wait before being eligible?

#### Financing

- How will benefits be financed?
- Will the plan participants contribute to the cost of the plan through premiums?
- Will there be other cost sharing such as deductions, copays or coinsurance?

#### Coverage

- What benefits will be provided?
- Will there be any limitations? Restrictions? Exclusions? The quantity of drugs allowed per prescription?



### Plan Design Checklist (Cont'd)

#### Choice

- What choices will participants be given and under what circumstances?
- Will the program be mandatory or voluntary?
- Will there be an open or closed pharmacy network?
- What happens if a prescription is needed while a person is out of the country?
- Will participants be able to choose a brand-name drug instead of a generic drug?
- Will there by any incentives to encourage particular drug choices?

#### Legal Requirements

- Are there any elements of the plan that are required as part of a contractual agreement with a union or other entity?
- Are there any plan features that are required by state or federal law?



### Changes in the Healthcare System Environment Impact Employers

#### **Top 3 Market Changes**

1. Ownership (+ Mergers &

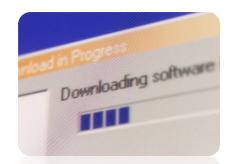
Acquisitions)

- Cost and Quality Management (Use of IT)
- 3. New focus on Risk

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Pharmacy ownership and "Enterprise" Strategy



Enterprise Software -EMR





Organizational Changes with New Stakeholders and goals for structure (ACOs)

### Let's Sum Up

- Goals of benefit design: coverage, flexibility, cost containment, disease management, etc
- Design can affect Rx costs, overall medical costs, participant satisfaction, participant compliance/adherence, provider satisfaction, employer costs
  - Need for reinsurance innovation
- Commercial plans/employer are in a position to drive change unlike government
  - Drive clinical services value versus dispensing only



### Questions/comments

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